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EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,  
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání  
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

## Výukový materiál zpracován v rámci projektu EU peníze školám

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Šablona III/2	č. materiálu: VY_32_INOVACE_201
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Vzdělávací oblast	Jazyk a jazyková komunikace
Předmět	Anglický jazyk
Popis způsobu využití, metodické pokyny	Pracovní list obsahuje popisy významných památek a míst v Británii. Velká pozornost je věnována Londýnu. Podle popisu žáci přiřazují jednotlivé texty k obrázkům. V závěru si ověří získané znalosti prostřednictvím otázek na text.
Klíčová slova	London, cathedrals, museums, galleries, streets, squares, parks, monuments
Druh učebního materiálu	Pracovní list

## The Top 20 of Britain (- list of places in London and other Britain's attractions)

### 1) Match the texts to the correct Picture.

- 1) There are five airports in the London area, the largest of them being **Heathrow**.
- 2) **Buckingham Palace** has been the seat of British monarchs since the days of Queen Victoria. An inseparable of the view of Buckingham Palace is the Queen Victoria Monument in front of it. Outside Buckingham Palace the Changing of the Guard takes place to the accompaniment of the Guard's bands.
- 3) **Downing Street** in London, England has for over two hundred years housed the official residences of two of the most senior British cabinet ministers. The Prime Minister's official residence is 10 Downing Street.
- 4) Many English kings and queens have been crowned and buried in **Westminster Abbey**. In the Poet's Corner are the tombstone and monuments to some famous poets but only a few of them are really buried there.
- 5) **St. Paul's Cathedral** was built by Sir Christopher Wren from 1675 – 1710 and is considered his greatest work. St. Paul's was built in the Baroque style. It is the largest church in the world after St. Peter's in Rome.
- 6) The **Tower Bridge** is one of the most famous symbols in London. It can open in the middle and let large ships go through.
- 7) **The Houses of Parliament** on the left bank of the Thames are the political centre of the United Kingdom, the home of the British Parliament.
- 8) **Big Ben** is the bell of the clock tower of the Houses of Parliament. It was made in 1858 and called after Sir Benjamin Hall, one of the ministers, who was a very tall and stout man and was called Big Ben by people.
- 9) **The Tower of London** is the oldest building in London. It was built in 11th century. It was originally a royal residence, then a prison and fortress. It is a museum now.
- 10) **The British Museum**, in London, is the largest museum in the World. It is very famous for its permanent collection, numbering some eight million works, is among the finest, most comprehensive, and largest in existence and origin from all continents. The British Library, which is the national library of the United Kingdom, is also the part of the building of the British Museum.
- 11) **Madame Tussaud's** is a major tourist attraction located in Central London, housed in the former London Planetarium. It is famous for recreating famous people, or celebrities, in wax.
- 12) **Piccadilly Circus, Regent Street** and **Oxford Street** are the most famous shopping centres in London.

13) **Trafalgar Square** is said to be the largest in London. It is a public space and tourist attraction in central London. The name commemorates the Battle of Trafalgar (1805). In the middle of the square is Nelson´s Column with a five – meter tall statue of Horatio Nelson at the top.

14) The **Monument to the Great Fire of London**, more commonly known simply as **the Monument**, is a stone Roman Doric column in the City of London, near the northern end of London Bridge, which commemorates the Great Fire of London in 1666.

15) **Hyde Park** is probably most famous among tourists. It is known for its Speaker´s Corner where anybody can speak.

16) In **Baker Street** detectives Sherlock Holmes and Doctor Watson lived in the imagination of their author Conan Doyle.

17) England is the home of football and lan-tennis. In **Wimbledon** the greatest tennis championship in the Word is held every year since 1877.

18) The British Airways´ Observation Wheel (**London eye**) Gross the Thames was built to celebrate the new millenium.

19) **Greenwich** is the seat of the National Maritime Museum where the Royal Observatory is situated – here is a brass strip which marks the prime meridian.

20) The most famous and the oldest universities in Britain are Oxford and Cambridge, often called the Oxbridge college.



A

B



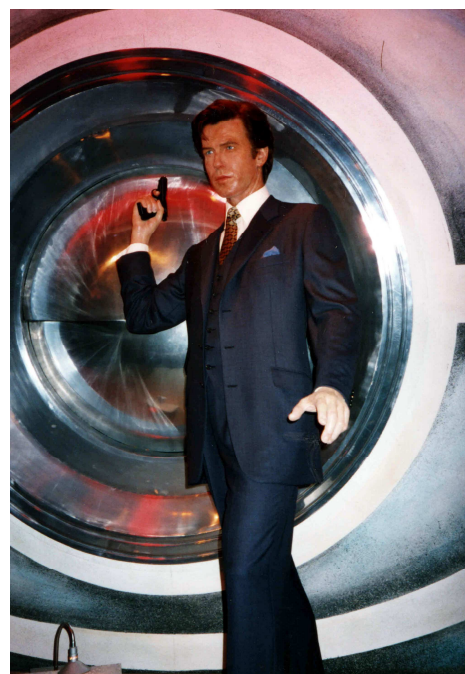
C



D



E



F



G

H



I

J



K

L



M

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N

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O

P



Q



R



S



T

2) **TEST.**

**How much do you know about London? Find out here.**

1) What are the most famous churches in London?

\_\_\_\_\_

2) What is Piccadilly?

\_\_\_\_\_

3) What is Baker Street famous for?

\_\_\_\_\_

4) Are there any park in London?

\_\_\_\_\_

5) Big Ben is actually the name of a \_\_\_\_\_.

6) What was the year of the Fire of London, which destroyed most of the city and eliminated the plague?

\_\_\_\_\_

7) What is the name of the castle or fort the Normans built in London?

\_\_\_\_\_

8) What is Madame Tussaud's?

\_\_\_\_\_

9) Who was Christopher Wren? What did he build?

\_\_\_\_\_

10) The Poet's Corner is in \_\_\_\_\_.

Řešení testu:

- 1) Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's Cathedral are the most famous churches in London.
- 2) Piccadilly is the street where the most famous shopping centres are placed.
- 3) Baker street is famous for its connection to the fictional detective Sherlock Holmes, who lives at a fictional 221B *Baker Street* address.
- 4) Yes, there are more than eighty. For example Hyde Park, Regent's Park and St. James's Park.
- 5) ..... a bell.
- 6) 1666
- 7) It is The Tower of London.
- 8) It is a wax museum.
- 9) Sir Christopher Wren was an architect who built St. Paul's Cathedral.
- 10) The Poet's Corner is in Westminster Abbey.

Zdroje:

[www.wikipedia.com](http://www.wikipedia.com)

**fotoarchiv autora**

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**Chudý, T. – Chudá, J. Some basic facts about the English speaking countries, str. 16 – 25. Fragment, 2001.**