

Future tense

- Určeno pro: žáky středních škol
- Vzdělávací předmět: anglický jazyk
- Tematický okruh: grammar
- Název: Future tense
- Jméno autora: Bc. Lenka Nováková
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- Anotace: digitální učební materiál je určen pro žáky středních škol, představuje budoucí čas, je doplněn cvičeními, které mají za úkol procvičit a upevnit učivo
- Klíčová slova: future tense , will/shall, going to, present continuous
- Metodický popis: prezentace, podpora výkladu učitele



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MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Future tense

Will / Shall

Going to

Present continuous

WILL / SHALL

Affirmative

I will see you later. (I'll)

She will be sad.

Interrogative

Will you be at home?

Will it work?

Negative

I will not (won't) tell anybody.

They won't listen to you.

Short answer

Yes, I will.

No, it won't.

We use **I WILL** when we decide to do something at the time of speaking.

Examples:

- Oh, I have left the door open. **I will go** and shut it.
- Did you phone Lucy? Oh, no, I forgot. **I will phone** her now.
- What would you like to drink? **I will have** an orange juice.
- I can see you are busy, so **I will not stay** long.

We often use **WILL** in these situations:

❖ **Offering to do something**

Ex. That bag looks heavy. **I will help** you with it.

❖ **Agreeing to do something**

Ex. Can you give Tim this book?

Sure, **I will give** it to him when I see him this afternoon.

❖ **Promising to do something**

Ex. Thanks for lending me the money. **I will pay** you back on Friday.
I won't tell anyone what happened. I promise.

❖ **Asking somebody to do something**

Ex. Will you please turn the stereo down? I am trying to concentrate.

We often use **WILL** with:

PROBABLY

I will probably be home late tonight.

I EXPECT

I haven't seen Carol today. I expect she will phone this evening.

I AM SURE

Don't worry about the exam. I am sure you will Pass.

I THINK

Do you think Sarah will like the present we bought her?

I DON'T THINK

I don't think the exam will be very difficult.

I WONDER

I wonder what will happen.

SHALL I....? SHALL WE...?

SHALL is used mostly in the questions **Shall I...?** **Shall we...?** to ask somebody's opinion, especially in offers or suggestions.

Ex. **SHALL I** open the window? = Do you want me to open the window?

I have got no money. What **SHALL I** do? = What do you suggest?

SHALL we go? Just a minute. I am not ready yet.

Where **SHALL we go** this evening?

COMPARE: **SHALL I...?** and **WILL YOU...?**

SHALL I shut the door? = Do you want me to shut it?

WILL you shut the door? = I want you to shut it.

PRACTISE

Match the pairs of sentences

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1, What would you like to eat, sir? | A, I am not sure. I will look in my phonebook. |
| 2, Do you have Kim's number? | B, I will go with you. |
| 3, These pens are 80p each. | C, I will have the pasta, please. |
| 4, The shower is not working. | D, I will have a bath. |
| 5, We are leaving now. | E, I will take three. |

Write sentences to respond to these statements. Use WILL.

- 1, This bag is heavy. *I will carry it for you.*
- 2, I need a cup of coffee.
- 3, Do you want a cheese sandwich or a ham sandwich?
- 4, I do not have your email address.
- 5, I am tired and I haven't done the washing-up.

Key

1) C)

2) A)

3) E)

4) D)

5) B)

GOING TO

Form

Am/is/are + going+to+infinitive

I am
I am not

He
She is
It is not

going to leave.

We
You are
They are not

Question- What is he going to do?

When are you going to leave?

Are they going to get married? Yes, they are. /No, they are not.

USE

Going to is used:

- ❖ To express a future decision, intention, or a plan made before the moment of speaking

Ex. I am going to study hard.

What **are you going to** do after college?

- ❖ When we can see or feel now that something is certain to happen in the future

Ex. Look at these clouds. It is going to rain.

Watch out! That box **is going to** fall.

WILL OR GOING TO ?

Compare the use of **WILL** and **GOING TO** in these sentences:

I am going to make a chicken casserole for dinner.

=

I decided this morning and bought everything for it.

What shall I cook for dinner? Er...I know! I will make a chicken casserole!

=

I decided at the moment of speaking.

EXERCISES:

Choose the correct form.

- 1, I have decided. I **am going to get**/I **will get** a new job.
- 2, Helen is pregnant. She **is going to have**/She **will have** a baby.
- 3, Look at the mess! **I will help** /**I am going to help** you clear it up.
- 4, Oh, dear, I think **I will sneeze**/ **I am going to sneeze**.
- 5, I am not sure which one to buy. OK, **I will take**/ **I am going to take** the blue one.

Complete the mini-dialogues with the correct form of WILL or GOING TO

- 1, A, The red top is 7£, the blue top is 8£.
B, I _____ have the red top, please.
- 2, A, Do you have any plans for the weekend?
B, Yes, I _____ visit my friends in Brighton.
- 3, A, It is really hot in this room.
B, OK, I _____ open the Windows.
- 4, A, I do not know how to use this camera.
B, It is easy. I _____ show you.
- 5, A, Why are you turning on the television?
B, I _____ watch the news.

Key

- 1) I am going to get
- 2) She is going to have
- 3) I will help
- 4) I will sneeze
- 5) I will take

1, A, The red top is 7£, the blue top is 8£.

B, I will have the red top, please.

2, A, Do you have any plans for the weekend?

B, Yes, I am going to visit my friends in Brighton.

3, A, It is really hot in this room.

B, OK, I will open the Windows.

4, A, I do not know how to use this camera.

B, It is easy. I will show you.

5, A, Why are you turning on the television?

B, I am going to watch the news.

Present continuous for future

We can also use **PRESENT CONTINUOUS** to talk about future plans.

We can often use either **the present continuous** or **going to** without changing of meaning, but when we want to show that the plan is more arranged or more fixed, we use **THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS**.

I am doing something (tomorrow)= I have already decided and arrange to do it.

Ex. The teachers **are going to ask** for more money. (This is their plan.)

We **are meeting** the managers at nine on Monday.

(The plan is fixed in our diaries.)

Other examples:

- What are you doing on Sunday evening?
I am going to the theatre.
- What time is Kate arriving tomorrow?
Half past eleven. I am meeting her at the station.
- I am not working tomorrow, so we can go out somewhere.
- Tom is not playing football next Sunday. He has broken his leg.

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