



evropský  
sociální  
fond v ČR



EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,  
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání  
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

# STŘEDNÍ ODBORNÁ ŠKOLA A STŘEDNÍ ODBORNÉ UČILIŠTĚ MĚSTEC KRÁLOVÉ





MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,  
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

**Název projektu** - Rozvoj ICT ve výuce na střední škole

**Registrační číslo projektu** Č.projektu : CZ.1.07/1.5.00/34.0921

**Název školy** - Střední odborná škola a Střední odborné učiliště Městec Králové, T.  
G. Masaryka 4

**Číslo materiálu** - VY\_32\_INOVACE\_AJ\_324

**Tematická oblast** - Anglická gramatika I.

**Předmět** - Anglický jazyk

**Ročník** - 2. ročník

**Anotace:** Materiál slouží k procvičování tématu Past Simple

**Metodický pokyn:** Prezentace je určena jako materiál k samostudiu pracovního listu a písemné práce

# PAST SIMPLE

Minulý čas prostý

# Past Simple

- We use Past simple to talk:
  - 1) To talk about actions and situations which happened and finished in the past  
He bought new car yesterday.  
During our last English class we asked her many questions.
  - 2) To talk about actions/events which happened in the past one after another (we often use the Past simple in stories)  
Sue finished her homework and went to visit her friend.  
I switched off the computer and locked the door.



# Time expressions

- Time adverbials used to the Past Simple
- - yesterday (morning/evening), last (year/month/week/Friday/night), in (March/1990/the 1980's), (two days/a week/five years) ago, when I was (10/young), one (day/morning)

# Was/were

1) Am/is (present) → was (past)

- I'm tired (now) x I was tired last night.
- The weather is good today. X The weather was good last week.

2) Are (present) → were (past)

- You are late. (now) x You were late yesterday.
- They aren't here (now). X They weren't here last Sunday.



# Positive, negative, question was/were

- I, he, she, it **was**
- We, you, they **were**
  
- I, he, she, it **was not/wasn't**
- We, you, they **were not/weren't**
  
- **Was** I? he? she? it? .....
- **Were** we? you? they? .....

Last year Ann was 23, so she is 24 now.

When I was child, I was afraid of animals.

Was the weater nice, when you were on holiday?

Where were you last Monday?



# Past simple negative and question

- We use did in the past simple negatives and questions:
- **Do/does (present) → did (past)**

I don't watch TV very often. X I didn't watch TV yesterday night.

- **We use did/didn't + infinitive (watch/play/go)**

I watched x I didn't watch.

They played x they didn't play

She had x she didn't have

- We use **Did + subject + infinitive in questions:**

Did your brother phone you?

What did you do last night?

Where did you go for your last holiday?



# Short answer

- Yes , I/we/you/they did  
                  he/she/it did
- No, I/ we/you/they didn't  
                  he/she/ it didn't

Did you meet John yesterday? No, I didn't.

Did it rain last Monday? Yes, it did.

Did they have a good holiday? Yes, they did.



# Použitá literatura

- MURPHY, Raymond. *Essential grammar in Use*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2007, ISBN 978-0-521-67580-2.
- HASTINGS, Bob a kol. *Maturita activator*. Warszawa: Pearson Education Limited, 2009, ISBN 978-83-76000-55-8.