



evropský
sociální
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EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ



DIGITÁLNÍ UČEBNÍ MATERIÁL

Číslo projektu	CZ.1.07/1.5.00/34.0969
Název školy	Gymnázium Česká a Olympijských nadějí, České Budějovice, Česká 64
Název materiálu	VY_32_INOVACE_AJ_4_RAD_10_ SPLENDID_READING_EDUCATION_2
Autor	Marcela Radová
Tematický okruh	UK Educational System
Ročník	Intermediate-upper-intermediate level (3.-4. ročník)
Datum tvorby	18.12.2012
Anotace	Materiál slouží k rozvinutí a procvičení slovní zásoby na dané téma, zopakování slovesných časů, jakožto i motivace k získání základních poznatků o britském vzdělávacím systému.
Metodický pokyn	Možnosti využití: promítání-frontální práce, vytištění formou pracovního listu
Pokud není uvedeno jinak, použitý materiál je z vlastních zdrojů autora	



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METODIKA:

První dva úkoly je vhodné provádět frontálně, poslouží jako úvod do studia. Úkoly 3 a 4 doporučuji zadat formou pracovního listu za domácí úkol. Následnou hodinu provést frontální kontrolu.

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1) Task one:

Assume from the picture what the following text is about; put down some expressions you may find in the text



FORSTNER, Kurt.

http://en.wikinews.org/w/index.php?title=File:Test_%28student_assessment%29.jpeg&filetimestamp=20060223125514 [online]. [cit. 19.12.2012]. Dostupný na WWW:

http://en.wikinews.org/w/index.php?title=File:Test_%28student_assessment%29.jpeg&filetimestamp=20060223125514



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2) Task two: **After having read the headline guess the topic of the following article**

UK government stops compulsory testing of fourteen-year-olds



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3) Task three:

Choose the proper word from the box to fill in the gaps. Mind the proper tense!

State, require, take, be, announce, sit, take, abolish,
set up, produce, come, admit, fail, find, claim,
emanate, welcome, argue, be



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The UK Government **1)** that children in Britain **2)**

to take compulsory, externally marked tests at the age of fourteen.

The change **3)** effect immediately, meaning that children who **4)** due to take the test this year no longer have to do so.

Secretary of State for Children, Schools and Families, Ed Balls, yesterday **5)** his plans to change radically the UK testing system yesterday, in parliament.

Currently, almost ten million tests **6)** each year by British pupils. This change is expected to cut the number of tests **7)** in half.

The tests for seven and eleven year olds **8)**. A review group **9)**, however, to research the effect of these tests on eleven-year-olds.

Instead of league tables showing test results, the government **10)** report cards for secondary schools. According to Ed Balls, the results from GCSEs will be adequate to judge the performance of schools by their test results.

The decision to abolish the tests for fourteen year olds **11)** as a result of a situation earlier this year, when there were long delays with the delivery of test results to students of this age.

According to Christine Blower, acting general secretary of the National Union of Teachers, the government **12)** that the previous test system **13)** by making this move.

"For too long English, mathematics and science teachers in secondary schools **14)** themselves skewing everything to enable their pupils to jump through a series of unnecessary hoops," she **15)**, while Chris Keates, general secretary of the National Association of Schoolmasters Union of Women Teachers sound of a deep collective sigh of relief **16)** from secondary schools across the country."

Both major UK opposition parties **17)** this move. Conservative Shadow Secretary of State for Children Michael Gove stated that his party have **18)** for fewer national tests and more rigor and we want to work constructively to improve the assessment and qualifications regime."

David Laws, Shadow Secretary of State for Children for the Liberal Democrats, said that "the Sats Tests taken by 14-year-olds are not only a waste of time but **19)** highly unreliable over the last few years."



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Answer:

The UK Government **has stated** that children in Britain **will no longer be required** to take compulsory, externally marked tests at the age of fourteen. The change **takes** effect immediately, meaning that children who **were** due to take the test this year no longer have to do so.

Secretary of State for Children, Schools and Families, Ed Balls, yesterday **announced** his plans to change radically the UK testing system yesterday, in parliament.

Currently, almost ten million tests **are sat** each year by British pupils. This change is expected to cut the number of tests **taken** in half.

The tests for seven and eleven year olds **are not being abolished**. A review group **is being set up**, however, to research the effect of these tests on eleven-year-olds. Instead of league tables showing test results, the government **will produce** report cards for secondary schools. According to Ed Balls, the results from GCSEs will be adequate to judge the performance of schools by their test results.

The decision to abolish the tests for fourteen year olds **came** as a result of a situation earlier this year, when there were long delays with the delivery of test results to students of this age.

According to Christine Blower, acting general secretary of the National Union of Teachers, the government **is admitting** that the previous test system **failed** by making this move.

"For too long English, mathematics and science teachers in secondary schools **have found** themselves skewing everything to enable their pupils to jump through a series of unnecessary hoops," she **claimed**, while Chris Keates, general secretary of the National Association of Schoolmasters Union of Women Teachers sound of a deep collective sigh of relief **will emanate** from secondary schools across the country."

Both major UK opposition parties **welcomed** this move. Conservative Shadow Secretary of State for Children Michael Gove stated that his party have **argued** for fewer national tests and more rigor and we want to work constructively to improve the assessment and qualifications regime."

David Laws, Shadow Secretary of State for Children for the Liberal Democrats, said that "the Sats Tests taken by 14-year-olds are not only a waste of time but **have been** highly unreliable over the last few years."



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4)Task four:

Find correct answers to the following questions

- 1) How many compulsory tests do UK children have to pass up to the age of 14?
- 2) Which test is being publicly discussed to be abolished?
- 3) Which political party is represented by the current Secretary of State for Children ?
- 4) Name the reasons for abolishing the compulsory test at the age of 14.
- 5) Which subjects do they pass the tests in?



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Answers:

- 1) At the age of 7 and 11
- 2) The test at the age of 14.
- 3) Labour Party (the representatives of Conservative Party and the Liberal Democrats are Shadow Secretaries of State for Children)
- 4)The results are not objective, they are skewed by teachers in order to let their pupils succeed, there were long delays with the delivery of test results to students of this age as well as the assessment and qualifications regime must be improved.
- 5) English, Maths, Science



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Zdroje:

Wikipedia Public Domain

http://en.wikinews.org/wiki/UK_government_stops_compulsory_testing_of_fourteen-year-olds