

<i>Název SŠ:</i>	VOŠ, SPŠ automobilní a technická
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<i>Název:</i>	At the railway station
<i>Tematická oblast:</i>	VOŠ, Provoz a ekonomika dopravy, cizí jazyk, angličtina B, odborné téma Železniční doprava
<i>Ročník:</i>	3.
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<i>Anotace:</i>	Studenti se zorientují ve slovní zásobě související s prostředím vlakového nádraží a osobní vlakové přepravy, naučí se domluvit v základních situacích, se kterými se v tomto prostředí mohou setkat. Materiál je určen k vytištění pro samostatnou práci studentů nebo pro interaktivní tabuli pro práci celé skupiny.

At the railway station



Read the text and work out the meaning of the bold printed words:

Almost every city, town or village has a **train station**. Usually bigger cities have larger stations because they have more railway traffic. At the train stations you can find a **newsagent's**, a **bookstall**, a flower kiosk, a restaurant or a snack bar. There is a **waiting room** for people, who must wait for their

vlakové nádraží

next train, a row of **lockers** or a **left luggage office**, where you can leave your bag and an **information desk** or an **inquiry office**, of course.

One of the most important things at the station is the **timetable board** which tells which trains are **arriving** and **departing** and where they are coming from and going to. In larger train stations the timetable board is controlled electronically. The board can also show if a train is late, what **platform** it will be leaving from and what kind of train it is.

To travel by train you must first buy a ticket. The tickets can be bought **at the ticket office** or from a machine. Tickets can be bought in advance with a reservation that guarantees you a **seat** on the train. On the ticket is the name of the place where you boarded the train, the **destination**, how much the ticket cost, the number of kilometres you will travel and the class of your seat. Trains have two classes, first, which is more expensive and second which is the normal price.

At the front of the train is the **locomotive** or **engine**, which drives the train. Trains have several **cars** or **carriages** for passengers, **sleeping cars/sleepers** for overnight travel,

a **dining / restaurant / buffet car** where there is food and drink, a **mail van** for mail and a **guard's van**.

On the train there is a **train operator/driver**, who drives the train and **guards** who come to each person to check their tickets. If you have baggage it is put above you on the **rack** or on the ground near your feet.



Work in pairs and and prepare a dialogue by using these phrases:

At the inquiry office

What time does train to ... go?

When is the next one?

Is it a through train or do I have to change?

What time does the train reach...?

Is there a sleeping/dining car on this train?

Are there seat reservations for the 7 o'clock train to...?

At the ticket office

A single/ a return to...

How much is a return to...?

I'd like to book one seat for the train to ...

On the platform

Which platform does the ... train leave from?

Which train do I take for...?

Is the train on time?

Is the train delayed?

On the train

Excuse me, is there a free seat?

Excuse me, this is my seat, I've got a seat reservation.

Will you please help me with this bag / put my suitcase on the rack?

Will you keep the seat for me?

Would you mind if I pulled down (up) the window / turn on (off) the heat / switch on (off) the light?

Comprehension Check:

Put the words in correct columns.

compartment, corridor, couchette, departure board, dining car, engine driver, information office, guard / conductor, left luggage office, platform, rack, rows of lockers, seats, sleeping car, stalls, ticket machine, ticket office, time table, train dispatcher, waiting room

At the railway station	On a train	
	People	Places

Metodické pokyny k materiálu:

Lze využít jako pracovní list pro každého studenta nebo promítnout na interaktivní tabuli pro práci celé skupiny.

Zdroje použité v materiálu:

GRIFFIN, Peter. *public domain pictures* [online]. [cit. 23.3.2013]. Dostupný na WWW:
<http://www.publicdomainpictures.net/view-image.php?image=17517&picture=peking-nadrazi&jazyk=CS>

HODAN, George. *public domain pictures* [online]. [cit. 23.3.2013]. Dostupný na WWW:
<http://www.publicdomainpictures.net/view-image.php?image=20870&picture=nocni->